

# ENVIRONMENT AS INVESTMENT BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

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There is a link between a  
high quality of life and a  
more sustainable approach  
to economic activities



# • Renewable energies

- Hydropower
- Photovoltaic
- Wind
- Geothermal



2015 – 9,5 million jobs  
2030 – 24,4 million jobs (if R.E. reach 36%)

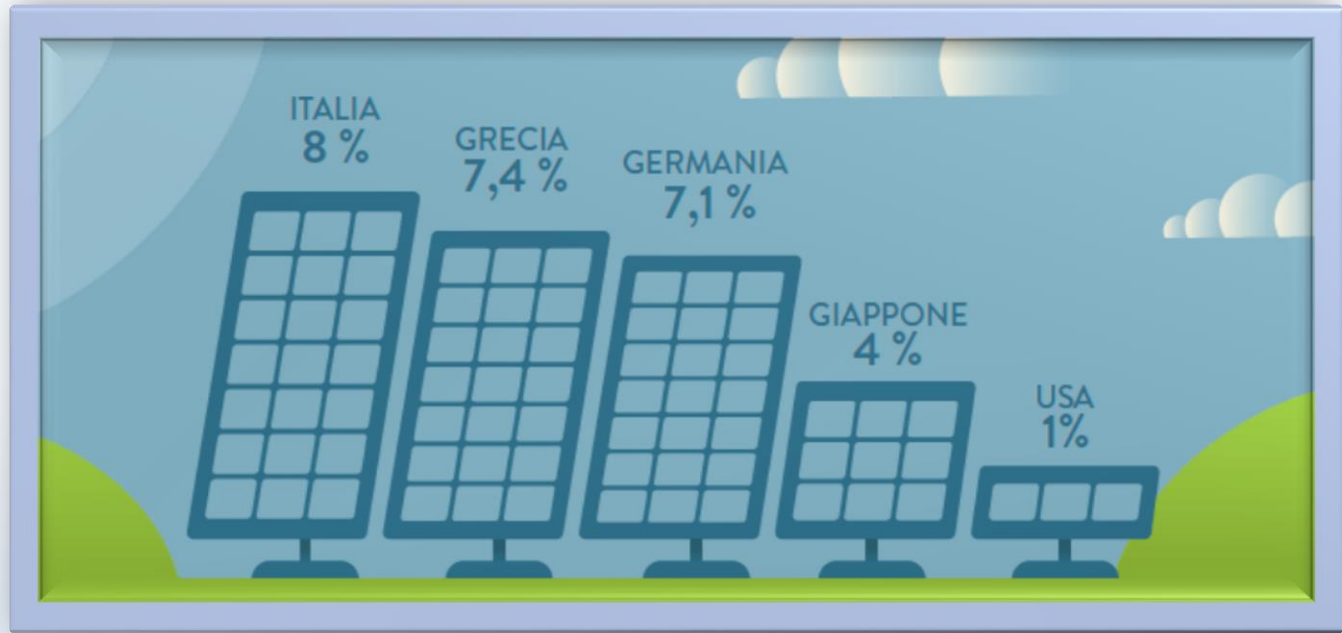


Investment  
2004 – US\$50 b.  
2015 – US\$ 350 b.

Estimated investment  
2016-2030  
US\$  
900 b.



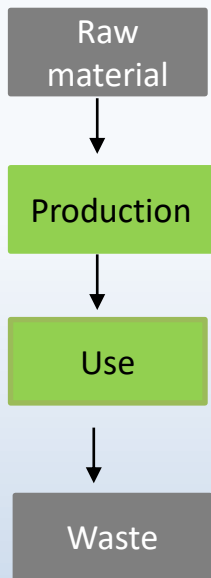
# FIRST IN THE WORLD IN THE PHOTOVOLTAIC



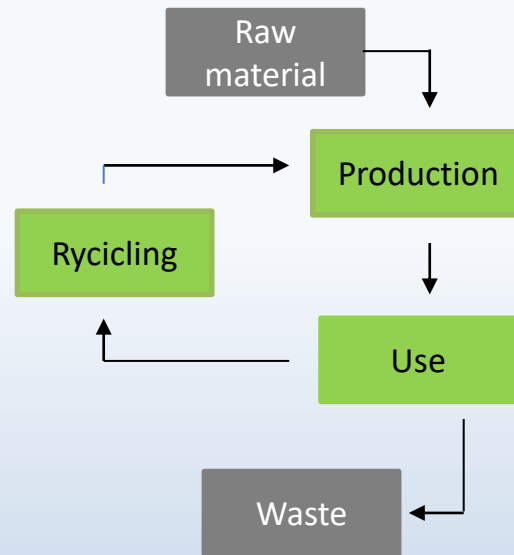
- Italy is the first country in the world for photovoltaic contribution to the national electric mix (8%)
- It is first among the major EU countries for renewable share in the gross domestic consumption (17.1%)

# From linear economy to circular economy

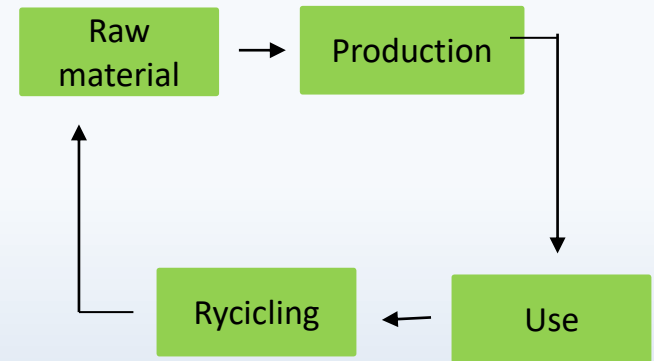
Linear economy



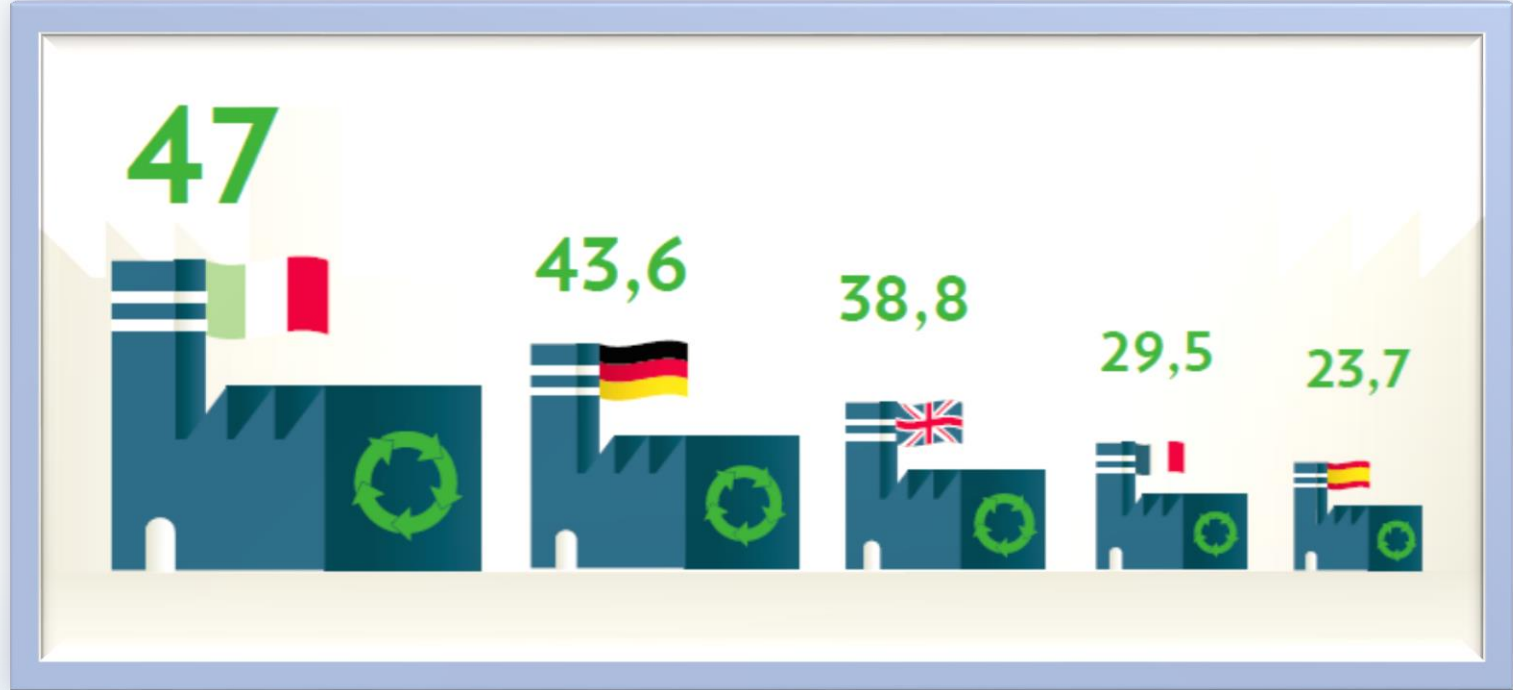
Recycling economy



Circular economy



# FIRST IN EUROPE IN CIRCULAR ECONOMY



- Italy is the European leader in industrial recycling (47mIn tons)
- Recycling in industrial production cycles has saved primary energy for over 17 million tons of oil equivalent, and emissions of about 60 million tons of CO2

# REINVENTED REFINERY

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ENI'S CRUDE OIL PROCESSING PLANT  
IN GELA CONVERTED TO BIOFUEL  
PROCESSING



## NEW LIFE FOR END OF LIFE TYRES (ELT)

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ECOPNEUS THROUGH RESEARCH AND  
INVESTMENT HAS IMPROVED  
TIGHTNESS, LOWER WEAR AND LOWER  
FUEL CONSUMPTION



# THE DANUBE CARPATHIAN REGION THE GREEN HEART OF EUROPE



# THE DANUBE CARPATHIAN REGION

## THE GREEN HEART OF EUROPE



FORESTS



WILDERNESS



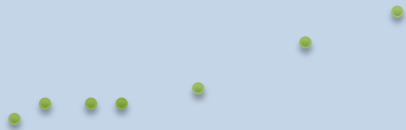
LARGE CARNIVORES



RIVERS AND WETLANDS



DANUBE STURGEON



# The Drina River Basin in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro and Serbia

- The project is funded by the Italian Ministry for the Environment, Land and the Sea as “Greening economic development in Western Balkans through applying a nexus approach and identification of benefits of transboundary cooperation”. It will assess the interlinkages among four key sectors in the Drina Basin – water, energy, food and ecosystems.
- Budget: 300,000 EUR
- Implemented by UNECE with partners, ISRBC and others

## Settore residenziale – Deep renovation

	Investimenti medio anno (milioni di €)	Investimenti (milioni di €)	Valore aggiunto incrementale (milioni di euro)			Nuova occupazione			
			da attività dirette e indirette	da attività indotte	Totale	da attività dirette e indirette	da attività indotte	Totale (unità complessive)	Nuova occupazione
Riqualificazione edifici	17.412	261.180	167.572	106.921	274.492	2.702.446	1.677.610	4.380.056	292.004

## Sviluppo fonti rinnovabili elettriche

### Potenza installata (GW)

	2015	2020	2025	2030
idroelettrico	18.512	18.808	18.808	18.939
eolico on-shore	8.958	8.963	12.570	15.577
fotovoltaico	18.905	20.057	23.015	24.562
biomassa	4.810	5.388	5.443	5.409
<b>totale</b>	<b>51.185</b>	<b>53.216</b>	<b>59.836</b>	<b>64.487</b>

### Energia prodotta (TWh)

	2015	2020	2025	2030
Idroelettrico	48,1	47,5	49	49,7
eolico on-shore	14,6	14,6	25,6	32,7
Fotovoltaico	23,4	25,6	31,5	34
Biomassa	18,7	21,4	24,2	25,6
<b>totale</b>	<b>104,8</b>	<b>109,2</b>	<b>130,2</b>	<b>142,1</b>

### Investimenti annui (M€)

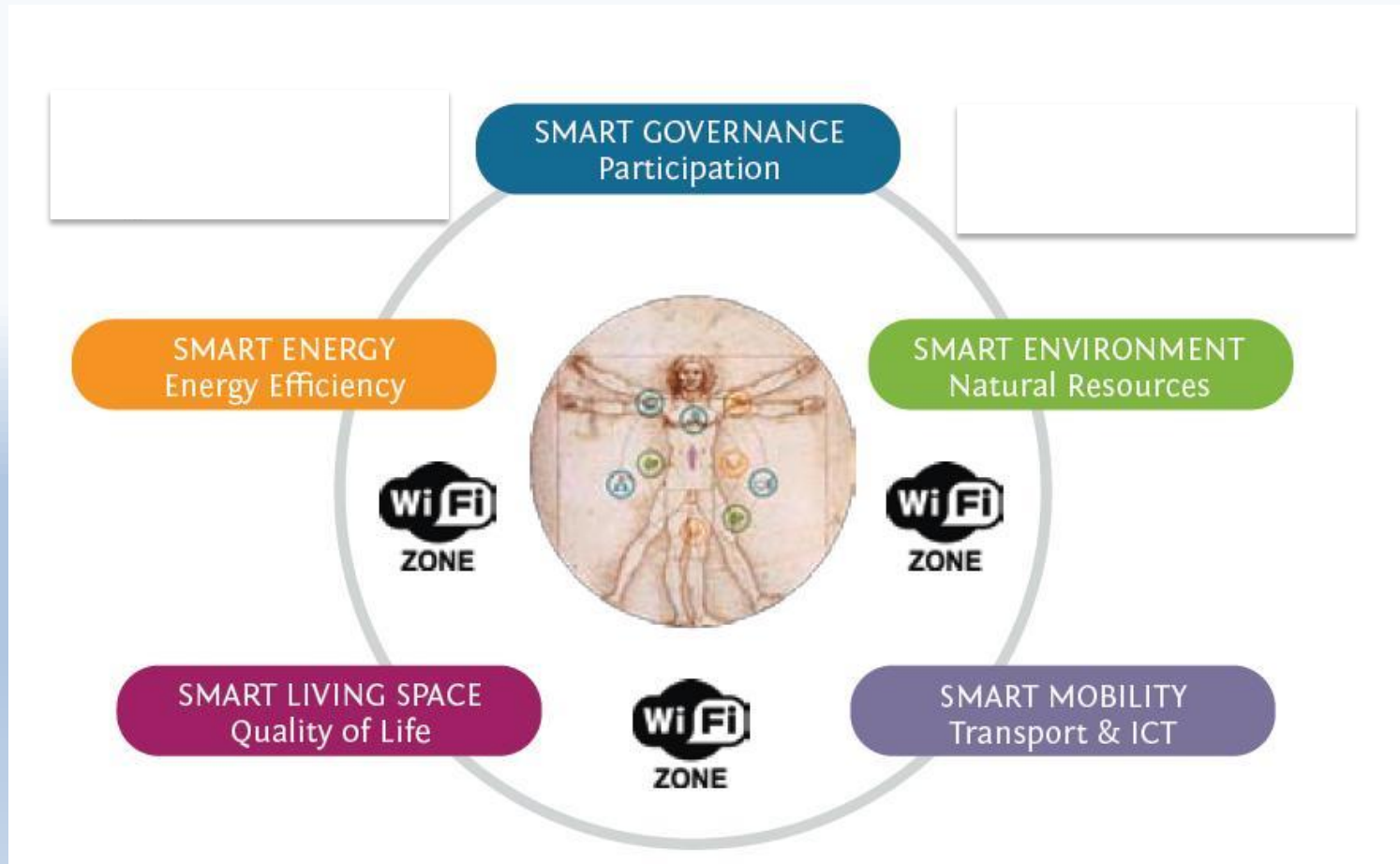
	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030
idroelettrico	145	0	64
eolico on-shore	2	1006	839
fotovoltaico	267	467	213
biomassa	133	13	0
<b>totale</b>	<b>547</b>	<b>1.486</b>	<b>1.117</b>

## Sviluppo fonti rinnovabili elettriche

	Nuova occupazione			
	da attività dirette e	da attività indotte	Totale (unità complessive)	Nuova occupazione
Idroelettrico	10.977	7.569	18.546	1.236
Eolico onshore	82.970	61.317	144.287	9.619
Fotovoltaico	37.317	26.107	63.424	4.228
Biomasse	8.192	5.694	13.886	926
<b>Totale FER</b>	<b>139.455</b>	<b>100.688</b>	<b>240.143</b>	<b>16.010</b>

# SMART CITIES

*“Infusing smartness in all the infrastructure systems to increase the efficiency of functions, the quality of life and the civic participation”*



# Challenges and answers



**L**LIVING SPACE

**M**OBILITY

**E**NERGY

**LE G E M**

**E**NVIRONMENT

**G**OVERNANCE

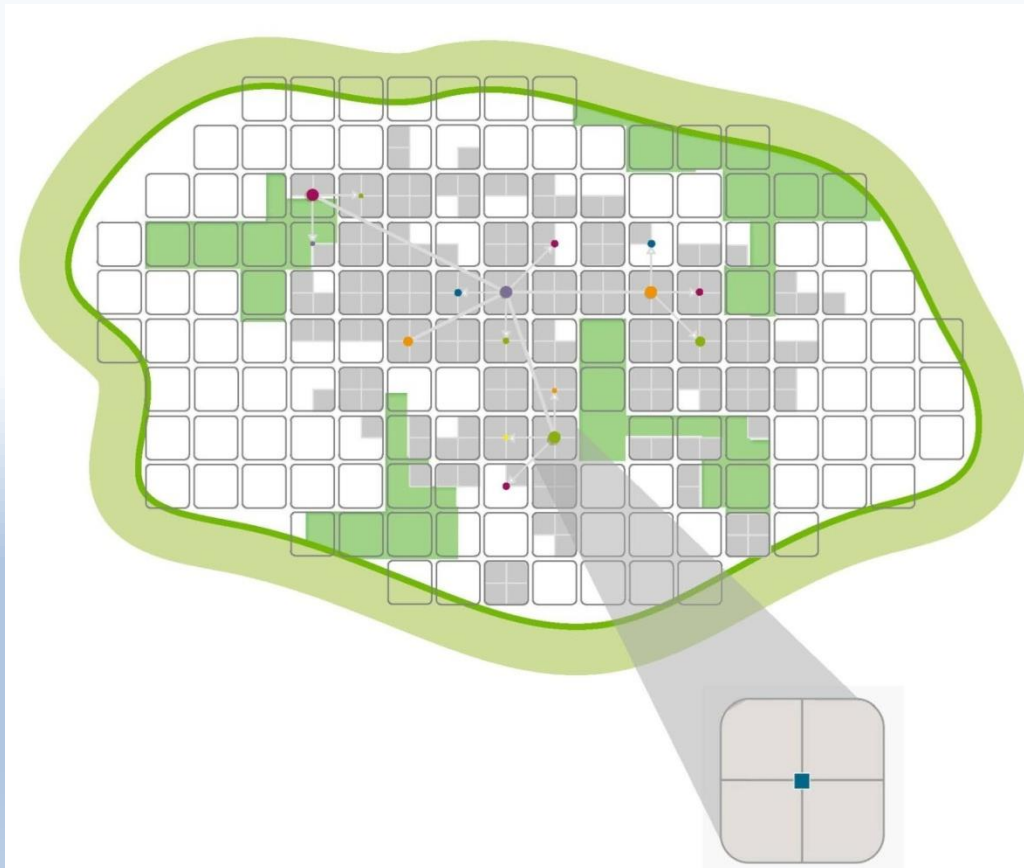




**LIVING SPACE**



# City Strategy



## Multi-centric model

each centre is a self-sufficient village

## Village = module

from which arise several different possible combinations

## Basic regular grid

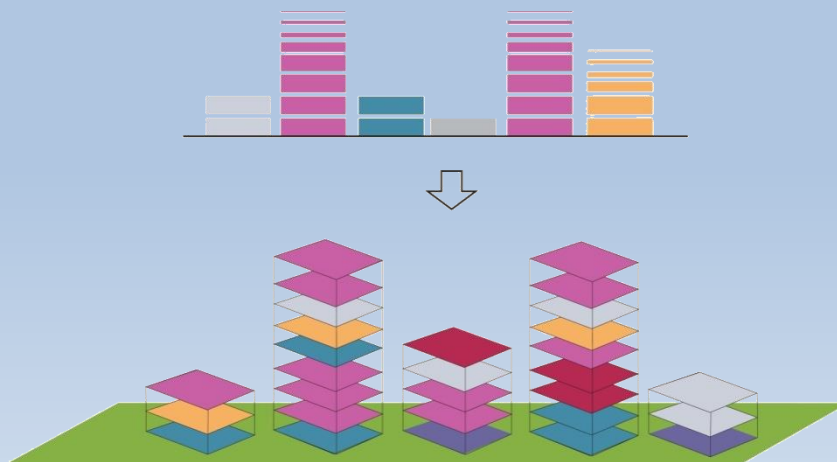
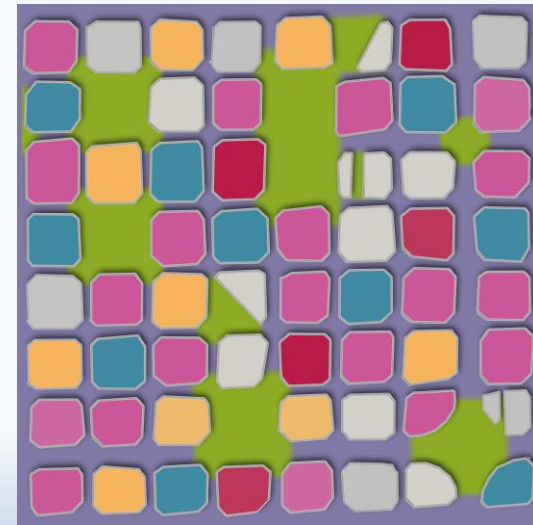
services and infrastructure networks will guide progressive aggregation of the module



# Functions

To ensure a uniform and effective usability, the new city of **LEGEM** is characterized **by a balanced functional mix.**

Functional percentages can be customized according to the specific strategic political choices for the new city.

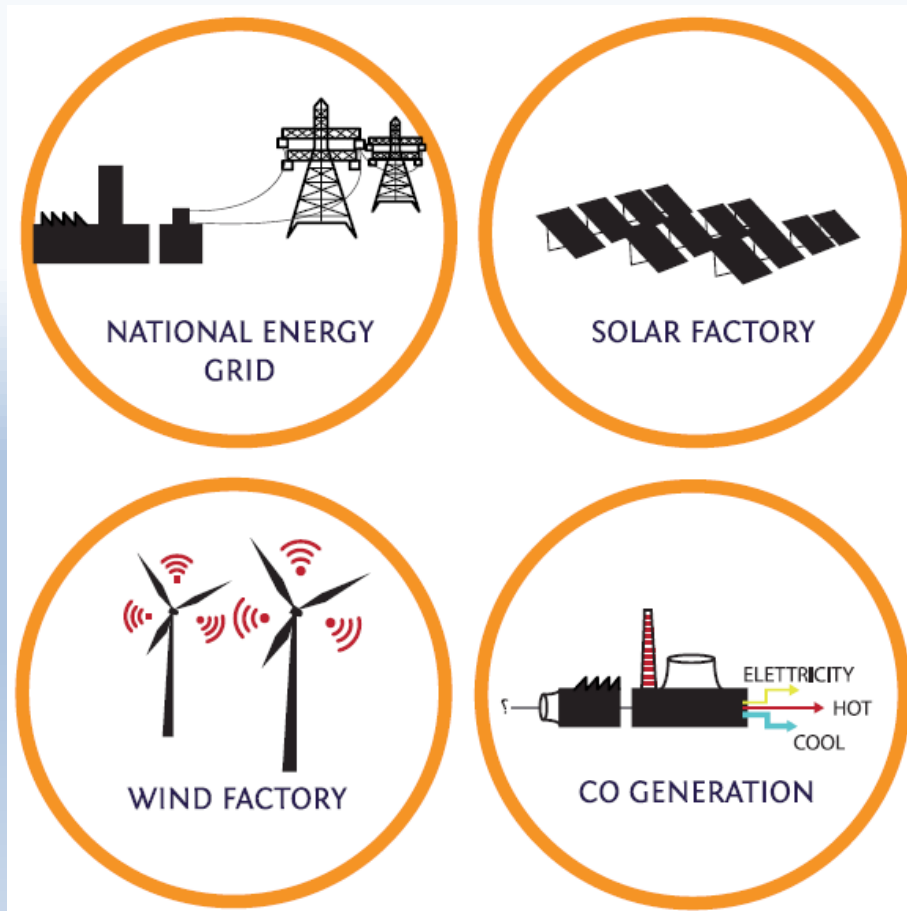




# ENERGY



# Energy Production



The **Clean Energy Park** is the main location where the first block of energy sources will be established.

The Clean Energy Park shall be:

- ❑ Established 15 to 30 Km out of the Green Belt
- ❑ Based on an integrated mix of sources
- ❑ Connected to the National Energy Grid (to ensure 100% of energy provision)
- ❑ Connected to the city backbone

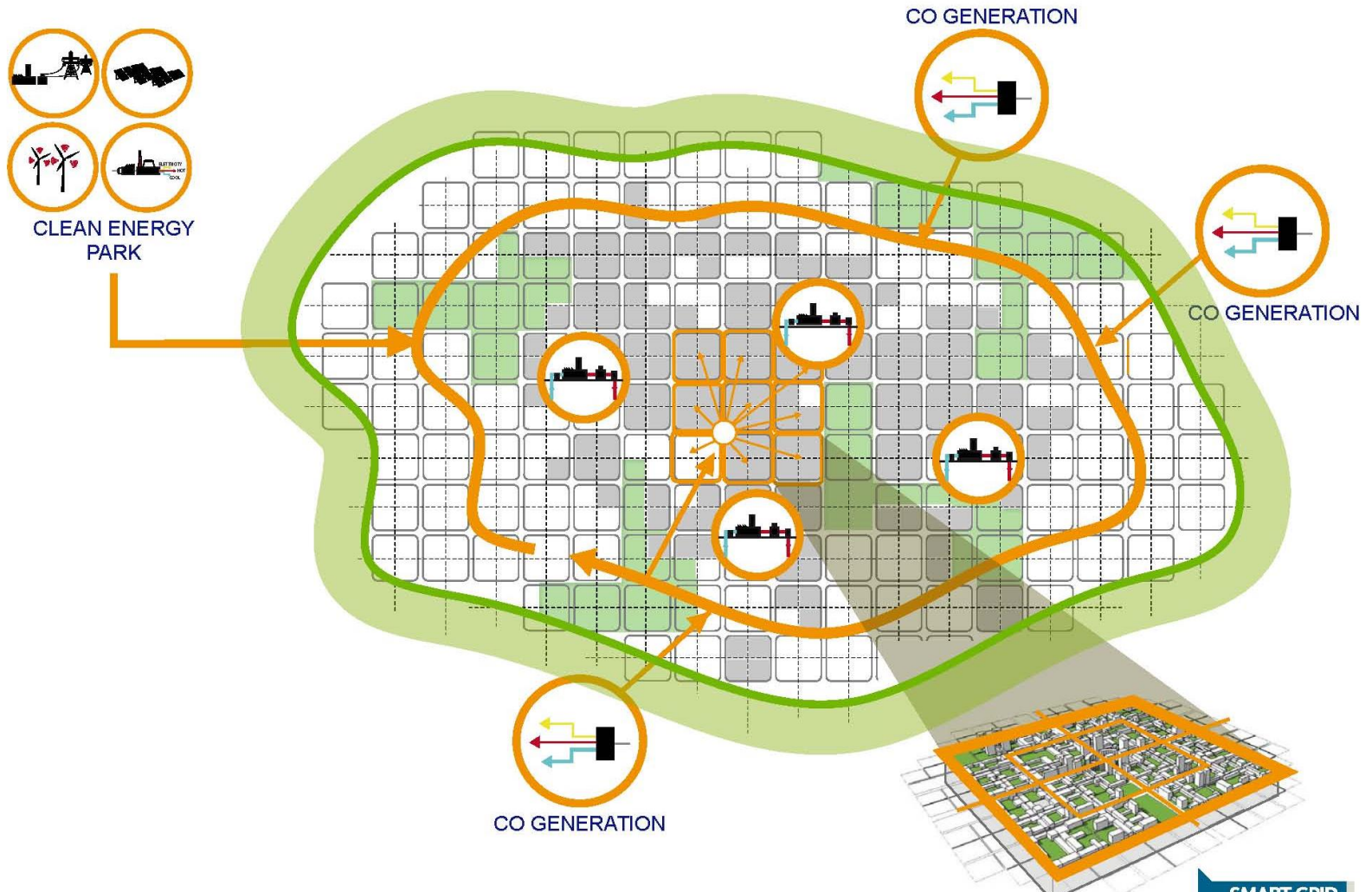


# Key Features of LEGEM Energy System

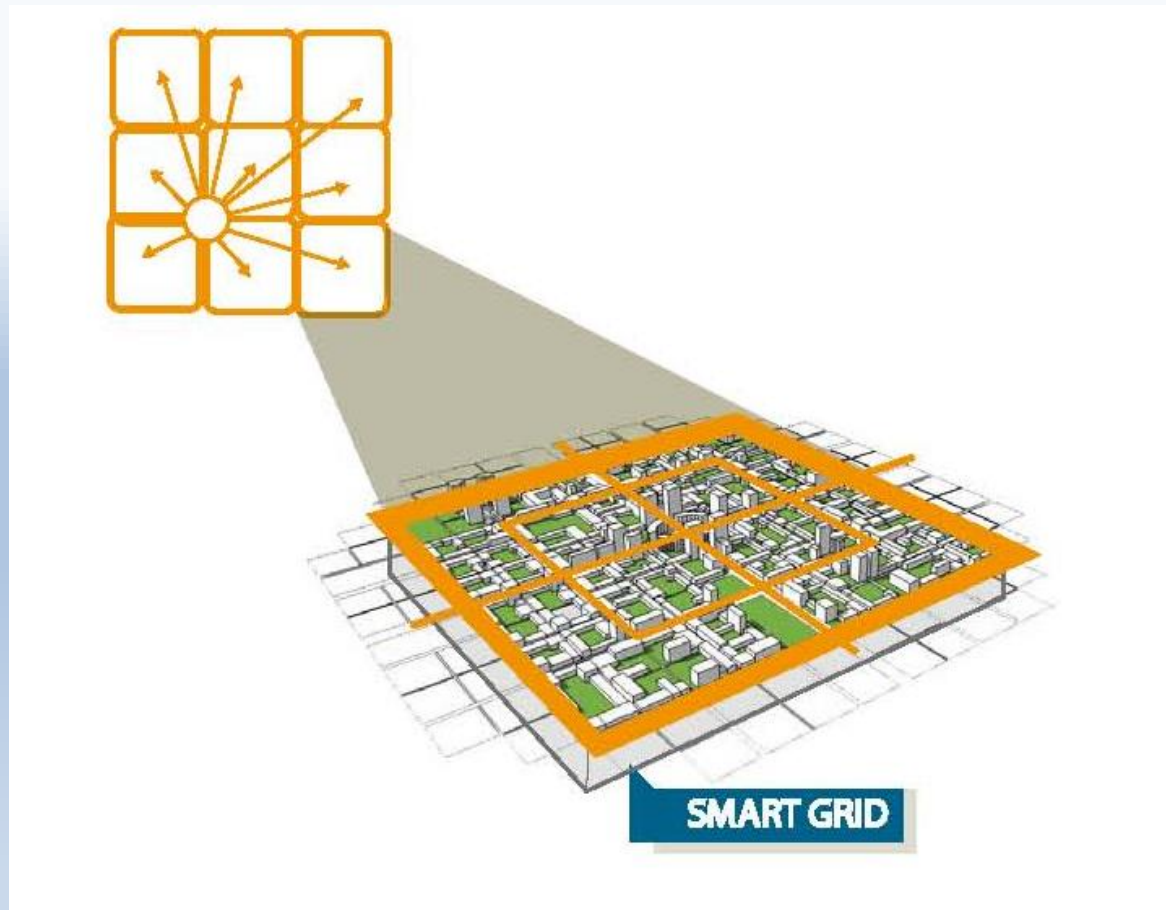
- **Integration:** full integration of different energy sources, types (electricity and gas) and organization (central production and distributed production)
- **Mixing:** the system combines new and renewable energy sources with non renewables (the middle term target being the minimization of the non renewable sources)
- **Scalability:** the entire system is designed to be scalable in order to support the city development process
- **Flexibility:** the system is designed to minimize the energy absorption of the central production factory by using “green approaches” in designing other subsystems (buildings, mobility, etc.)
- **Dynamic balance:** the overall system is designed to balance the production with the energy produced in the distributed systems and to manage energy demand and local needs.

# Energy Distribution (Primary Network)

## FUNDAMENTALS



# The Smart Grids (Local Network)

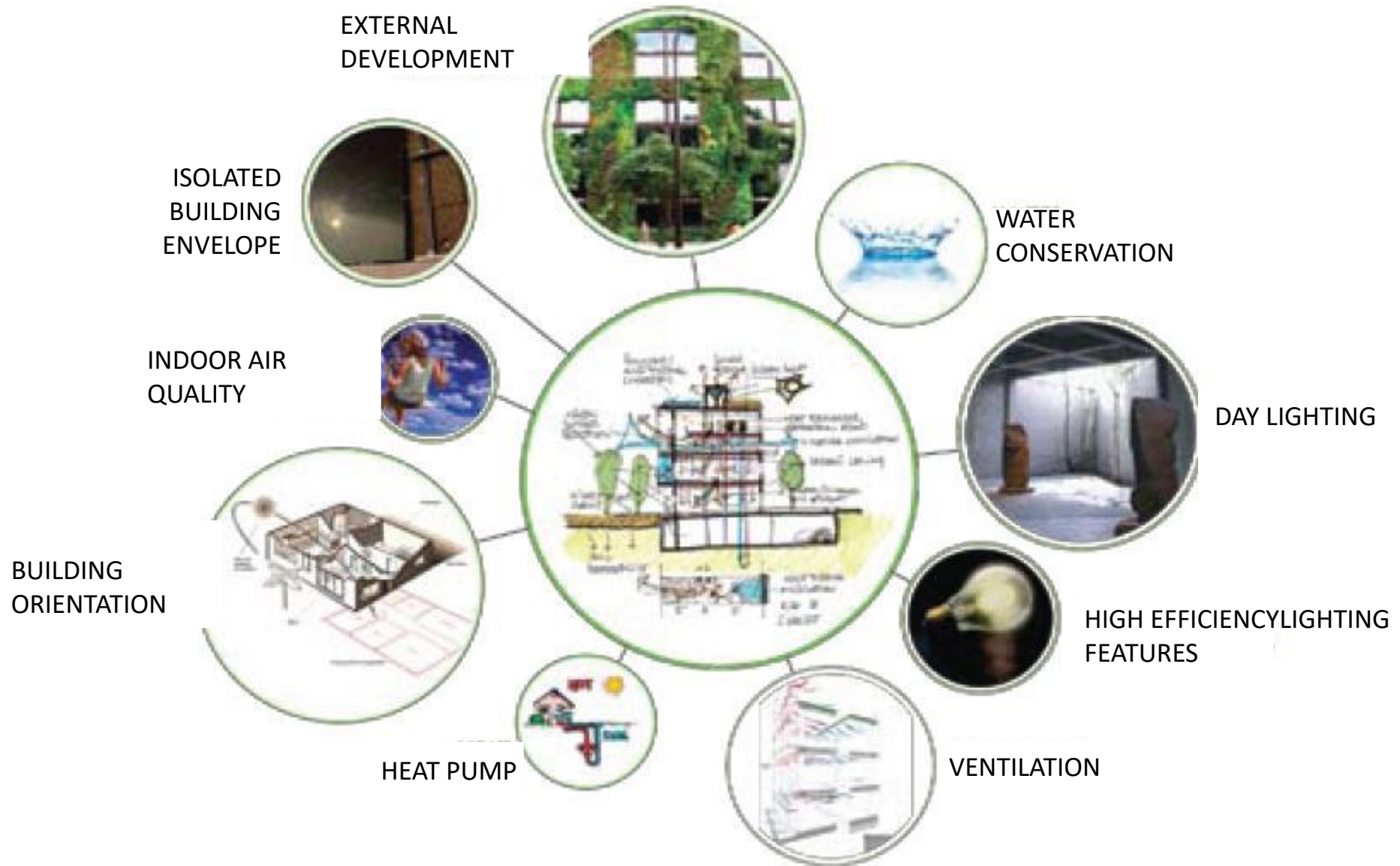




# **E**NVIRONMENT



# Green Building





# Innovative Features

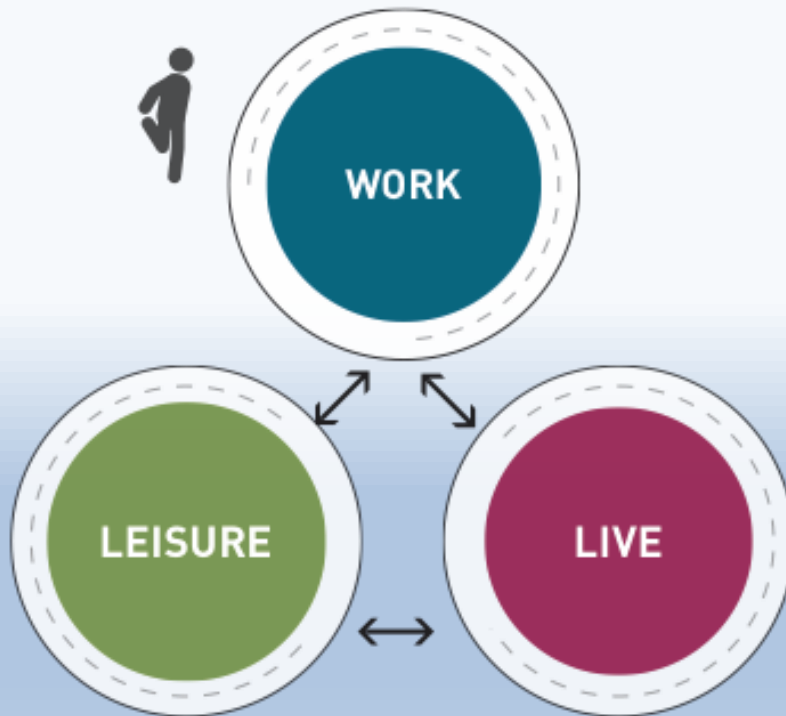
The LEGEM Waste Management system is based on the following pillars:

- **Production:** prevention and minimization of waste from different sources
- **Recycling & Reuse:** recovery of materials and energy from waste
- **Collection:** optimization of collection system for low emissions and energy consumption
- **Treatment:** application of Best Available Technologies
- **Disposal:** minimization of sanitary landfill practice



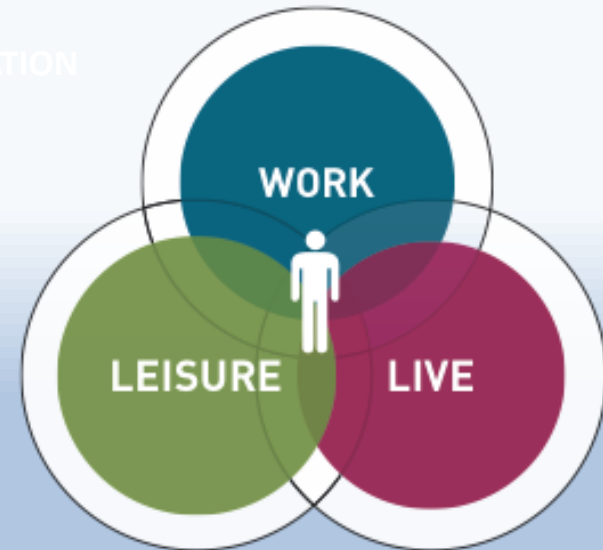


# Mobility System Vision



Zoning of Activities leads to  
reliance on private cars

SIMULATION



Compact Junctions reduce travel  
and allow walking and cycling

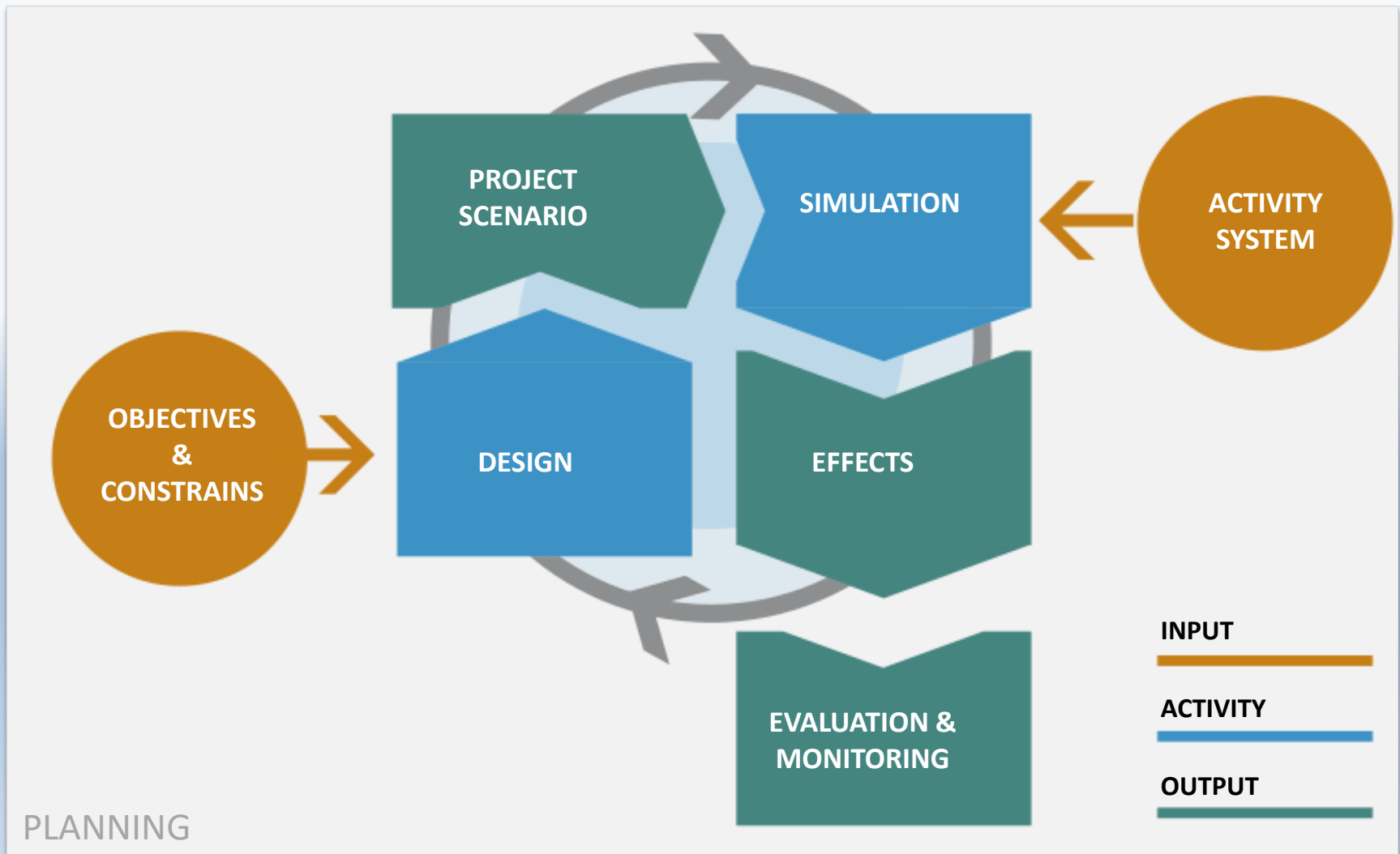
# Transport Planning & Design

MOBILITY



**Objective:**

Rigorous and rational transport **PLANNING** and **DESIGN**



- Residential
- Educational buildings
- Public health
- Administration and business
- Culture and commerce
- Sports facilities
- Research and innovation
- Tourists facilities
- Green area
- Water system

